TRIDONIC









Module SLE G1 SUNSET EXC

Modules SLE EXCITE

Product description

- For spotlights and downlights
- Sunset dimming changes light colour with dimming level
- 100 % dimming level = 2.700 K, 5 % dimming level = 1.800 K
- Can be used with amplitude dimmable LED Drivers (no additional control)
- Housing with Snap-On feature for easy reflector mounting
- Luminous flux up to 1,700 lm at tp = 65 °C
- High colour consistency (MacAdam 3)
- Small LES (light emitting surface) diameter enables small beam angle for spotlights
- Fixing holes for M3 screws
- Cooling required
- 5-year guarantee



Standards, page 3

Colour temperatures and tolerances, page 8



LES15 with housing



LES11 with housing



LES15



LES11



LED compact

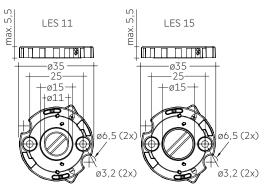


Module SLE G1 SUNSET EXC

Modules SLE EXCITE

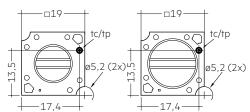
Technical data

Beam characteristic	115°
Ambient temperature range	-25 +50 °C
tp rated	65 °C
tc [®]	Up to 100 °C
Max. allowed Silicontemperature	150 °C
Irated for LES11	350 mA
Irated for LES15	500 mA
Imax for LES11	350 mA
Imax for LES15	500 mA
Max. DC forward current for LES11®	435 mA
Max. DC forward current for LES15 [®]	850 mA
Max. permissible LF current ripple for LES11	435 mA
Max. permissible LF current ripple for LES15	850 mA
Max. permissible peak current for LES11	600 mA / max. 8 ms
Max. permissible peak current for LES15	1,200 mA / max. 8 ms
Max. working voltage for insulation nonSELV [®]	50 V
Max. working voltage for insulation SELV [®]	60 V
Insulation test voltage	0.5 kV
ESD classification	Severity level 4
Risk group (EN 62471:2008)	RG1
Type of protection	IP00



Dimensions in mm





Dimensions in mm

Ordering data

					-
Туре	Article number	Colour temperature	Housing	Packaging	Weight per pc.
SLE G1 11mm 1000lm 927 SUNSET R EXC	89602602	1,800 – 2,700 K	no	25 pc(s).	0.001 kg
SLE G1 15mm 2000lm 927 SUNSET R EXC	89602603	1,800 – 2,700 K	no	25 pc(s).	0.001 kg
SLE G1 11mm 1000lm 927 SUNSET H EXC	89602605	1,800 – 2,700 K	yes	50 pc(s).	0.003 kg
SLE G1 15mm 2000lm 927 SUNSET H EXC	89602606	1,800 – 2,700 K	yes	50 pc(s).	0.003 kg

Specific technical data

Туре	Photo-	Forward	Luminous flux	Luminous flux	Power	Min. forward	Max. forward	Luminous	Luminous	Luminous	Colour
	metric code	current	at tp = 25 $^{\circ}$ C $^{\textcircled{4}}$	at tp = 65 °C [®]	consumption [®]	voltage at tp = 65 °C	voltage at tp = 25 °C	efficacy module	,	e efficacy system	9
								at tp = 25 °C		urip 05 C	
SLE G1 11mm 1000lm 927 SUNSET EXC	927/3x9	350 mA	1,240 lm	1,140 lm	13.4 W	34.4 V	41.0 V	91 lm/W	85 lm/W	77 lm/W	>90
SLE G1 15mm 2000lm 927 SUNSET EXC	927/3x9	500 mA	1,850 lm	1,700 lm	18.1 W	32.6 V	38.9 V	100 lm/W	94 lm/W	85 lm/W	>90

^① See derating curves in data sheet section 2.3.

[®] Imax varies over the temperature of the LED module. See derating curves in data sheet section 2.3.

 $[\]ensuremath{^{\mathfrak{B}}}$ The detailed explanation, see data sheet section 3.1.

 $^{^{\}tiny\textcircled{4}}$ Tolerance range for optical and electrical data: ±10 %.

[®] Assumed efficiency for the LED Driver is 0.9.

 $^{^{\}scriptsize{\textcircled{6}}}$ All values at tp = 65 °C.

1. Standards

EN 62031 EN 62471 IEC 62717 IEC 61000-4-2

UL 8750 - certificate number: E366084

1.1 Glow wire test

according to EN 62031 with increased temperature of 850 °C passed.

1.2 Photometric code

Key for photometric code, e. g. 930 / 369

1s	digit	2 nd + 3 rd digit	4 th digit	5 th digit	6	o th digit
					Luminous flu	ıx after 25%
Code	CRI	Calarintananana		McAdam after	of the life-tin	ne (max.6000h)
		Colour tempera-	McAdam	25% of the	Code	Luminous flux
7	70 – 79	ture in Kelvin x 100	initial	life-time	7	≥ 70 %
8	80 – 89	Kelvin x 100		(max.6000h)	8	≥ 80 %
9	≥90				9	≥ 90 %

1.3 Energy classification

Туре	Forward current	Energy classification
SLE G1 11mm 1000lm 927 SUNSET EXC	350 mA	А
SLE G1 15mm 2000lm 927 SUNSET EXC	500 mA	A+

2. Thermical details

2.1 tp point, ambient temperature and life-time

The temperature at tp reference point is crucial for the light output and life-time of a LED product.

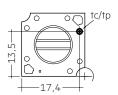
For SLE G1 SUNSET a tp temperature of $65\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ has to be complied in order to achieve an optimum between heat sink requirements, light output and life-time.

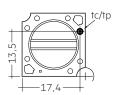
Compliance with the maximum permissible reference temperature at the tp point must be checked under operating conditions in a thermally stable state. The maximum value must be determined under worst-case conditions for the relevant application.

To check the tc / tp temperature, the temperature sensor has to be mounted on the PCB at the marked position as stated in the drawing.

LES15







2.2 Storage and humidity

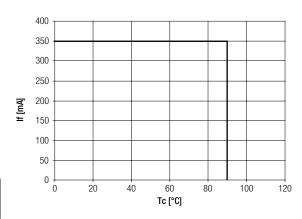
storage temperature	-30 +80 °C

Operation only in non condensing environment.

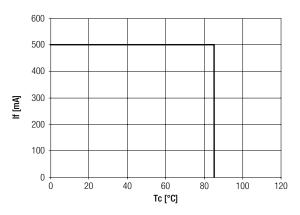
Humidity during processing of the module should be between 30 to 70 %.

2.3 Derating curves

SLE G1 11mm 1000lm 927 SUNSET EXC



SLE G1 15mm 2000lm 927 SUNSET EXC



2.4 Thermal design and heat sink

The rated life of LED products depends to a large extent on the temperature. If the permissible temperature limits are exceeded, the life of the SLE G1 SUNSET will be greatly reduced or the SLE G1 SUNSET may be destroyed.

2.5 Heat sink values

SLE G1 11mm 1000lm 927 SUNSET EXC

tp	Operating current	R th, hs-a
65°C	350 mA	4.32 K/W
65 <i>°</i> C	350 mA	3.74 K/W
65 <i>°</i> C	350 mA	2.59 K/W
65°C	350 mA	1.43 K/W
	65°C 65°C	65°C 350 mA 65°C 350 mA 65°C 350 mA

SLE G1 15mm 2000lm 927 SUNSET EXC

ta	tp	Operating current	R th, hs-a
25°C	65°C	500 mA	3.21 K/W
30 °C	65°C	500 mA	2.77 K/W
40 °C	65°C	500 mA	1.89 K/W
50°C	65°C	500 mA	1.01 K/W

Notes

The actual cooling can differ because of the material, the structural shape, outside influences and the installation situation. A thermal connection between SLE G1 SUNSET and heat sink with heat-conducting paste or heat conducting adhesive film is absolutely necessary.

Additionally the SLE G1 SUNSET has to be fixed on the heat sink with M3 screws to optimise the thermal connection.

Use of thermal interface material with thermal conductivity of I > 1 W/mK and layer thickness of interface material with max. 50 μ m or a similar interface material where the quotient of layer thickness and thermal conductivity b < 50 μ mmK/W.

3. Installation / wiring

3.1 Electrical supply/choice of LED Driver

SLE G1 SUNSET from Tridonic are not protected against over-voltages, overcurrents, overloads or short-circuit currents. Safe and reliable operation can only be guaranteed in conjunction with a LED Driver which

complies with the relevant standards. The use of LED Drivers from Tridonic in combination with SLE G1 SUNSET guarantees the necessary protection for safe and reliable operation.

If a LED Driver other than Tridonic is used, it must provide the following protection:

- Short-circuit protection
- · Overload protection
- Overtemperature protection



Supply SLE G1 SUNSET by a constant current LED Driver with amplitude dimming. Operation with a constant voltage LED Driver will lead to an irreversible damage of the module.

Wrong polarity can damage the SLE G1 SUNSET.

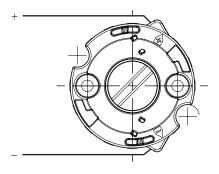


SLE G1 SUNSET are basic isolated up to 50 V against ground and can be mounted directly on earthed metal parts of the luminaire. If the max. output voltage of the LED Driver (also against earth) is above 50 V, an additional isolation between LED module and heat sink is required (for example by isolated thermal pads) or by a suitable luminaire construction.

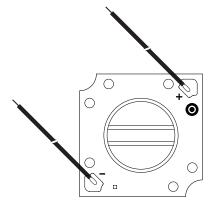
At voltages > 60 V an additional protection against direct touch (test finger) to the light emitting side of the module has to be guaranteed. This is typically achieved by means of a non removable light distributor over the module.

3.2 Wiring

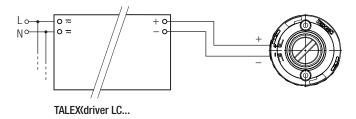
Wiring with housing



Wiring without housing



Wiring example

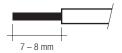


3.3 Wiring type and cross section

The wiring has to be solid cable with a cross section of 0.5 to $0.75\,\text{mm}^2$ or with stranded wire with soldered ends with a cross section of $0.5\,\text{mm}^2$. For the push-wire connection you have to strip the insulation (7 – 8 mm).

Removing wires by lightly pressing on the push button.

wire preparation:



3.4 Mounting instruction



SLE G1 SUNSET from Tridonic which have to be installed on a heat sink have to be connected with heat-conducting paste or heat conducting adhesive film and fixed with M3 screws.

The fixing/cooling surface must be cleaned by removing all dirt, dust and grease before installing the LED modules.

None of the components of the SLE G1 SUNSET (substrate, LED, electronic components etc.) may be exposed to tensile or compressive stresses.



Max. torque for fixing: 0.5 Nm.

The LED modules are mounted with 2 screws per module. In order not to damage the modules only rounded head screws and an additional plastic flat washer should be used for LED modules without housing.



Chemical substance may harm the LED module. Chemical reactions could lead to colour shift, reduced luminous flux or a total failure of the module caused by corrosion of electrical connections.

Materials which are used in LED applications (e.g. sealings, adhesives) must not produce dissolver gas. They must not be condensation curing based, acetate curing based or contain sulfur, chlorine or phthalate.

Avoid corrosive atmosphere during usage and storage.

3.5 EOS/ESD safety guidelines



The device / module contains components that are sensitive to electrostatic discharge and may only be installed in the factory and on site if appropriate EOS/ESD protection measures have been taken. No special measures need be taken for devices/modules with enclosed casings (contact with the pc board not possible), just normal installation practice.

For further information for EOS/ESD safety guidlines and the ESD classification please refer to the brochure entitled http://www.tridonic.com/esd-protection.

3.6 Position of the SUNSET strip

Due to the production, the SUNSET strip can be arranged rotated by 90°.









4. Life-time

4.1 Life-time, lumen maintenance and failure rate

The light output of an LED Module decreases over the life-time, this is characterized with the L value. L70 means that the LED module will give 70 % of its initial luminous flux. This value is always related to the number of operation hours and therefore defines the life-time of an LED module.

As the L value is a statistical value and the lumen maintenace may vary over the delivered LED modules. The B value defines the amount of modules which are below the specific L value, e.g. L70B10 means 10 % of the LED modules are below 70 % of the initial luminous flux, respectivly 90 % will be above 70 % of the initial value.

In addition the percentage of failed modules (fatal failure) is characterized by the C value.

The F value is the combination of the B and C value. That means for F degradation and complete failures are considered, e.g. L70F10 means 10 % of the LED modules may fail or be below 70 % of the initial luminous flux.

4.2 Lumen maintenance

Life-time declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim. Preliminary calculated lifetime data until LM80 test reports are available.

SLE G1 11mm 1000lm 927 SUNSET EXC

Operating current	tp temperature	L80 / F10	L80 / F50	L70 / F10	L70 / F50
	65 ℃	49,000 h	>60,000 h	>60,000 h	>60,000 h
350 mA	75 °C	43,000 h	>60,000 h	>60,000 h	>60,000 h
	85 °C	38,000 h	57,000 h	>60,000 h	>60,000 h

SLE G1 15mm 2000lm 927 SUNSET EXC

Operating current	tp temperature	L80 / F10	L80 / F50	L70 / F10	L70 / F50
	65 ℃	37,000 h	55,000 h	59,000 h	>60,000 h
500 mA	75 °C	32,000 h	48,000 h	51,000 h	>60,000 h
	85 ℃	28,000 h	42,000 h	45,000 h	>60,000 h

SLE G1 19mm 3500lm 927 SUNSET EXC

5. Electrical values

5.1 Declaration of electrical parameters

Irated ... Nominal operating current the module is designed for.

Imax ... Max. permissible continuous operating current.

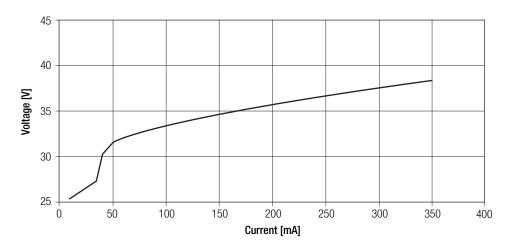
Max. DC forward current ... Max. permissible continuous operating current incl. The tolerances of the LED driver. LED module may be destroyed if this value is exceeded.

Max. permissible LF current ripple ... Max. output current of the LED driver incl. Tolerances and LF current ripple must not exceed this value.

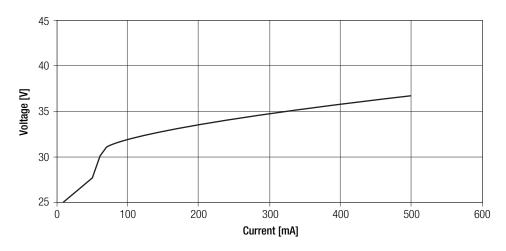
Max. permissible peak current ... The max. output peak current of the LED driver must not exceed this value.

5.2 Forward voltage vs. forward current

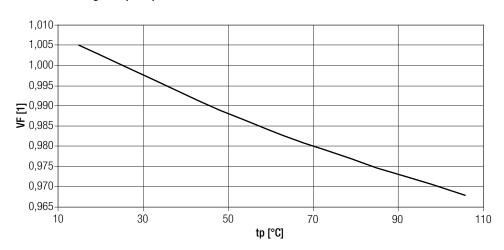
SLE G1 11mm 1000lm 927 SUNSET EXC



SLE G1 15mm 2000lm 927 SUNSET EXC



5.3 Forward voltage vs. tp temperature



The diagrams based on statistic values.

The real values can be different.

6. Photometric charcteristics

6.1 Coordinates and tolerances according to CIE 1931

The specified colour coordinates are measured integral after a settling time of 100 ms. The current impuls depends on the module type.

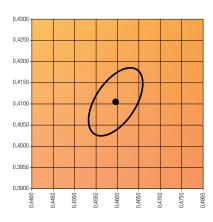
Module type	Current impulse	Colour temperature
CL E C1.11 1000l 007 CLINICET	350 mA	2,700 K
SLE G1 11mm 1000lm 927 SUNSET	17.5 mA	1,800 K
CLE C1.15 2000 I 027 CLINICET	500 mA	2,700 K
SLE G1 15mm 2000lm 927 SUNSET	25.0 mA	1,800 K

The ambient temperature of the measurement is ta = 25 °C.

The measurement tolerance of the colour coordinates are \pm 0.01.

2,700 K (100 % dimming level)

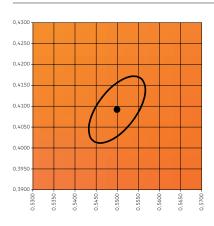
	xO	yO
Centre	0.4599	0.4106



MacAdam ellipse: 3SDCM

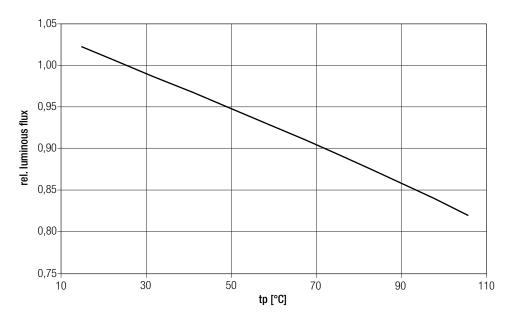
1,800 K (5 % dimming level)

	xO	yO
Centre	0.5/.02	07083



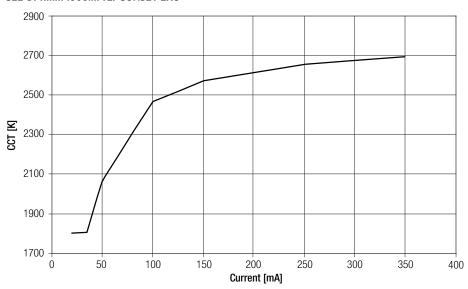
MacAdam ellipse: 3SDCM

6.2 Relative luminous flux vs. tp temperature



6.3 Colour temperature vs. dimming range

SLE G1 11mm 1000lm 927 SUNSET EXC



SLE G1 15mm 2000lm 927 SUNSET EXC

